"Follow me!" Essential content of the message of Jesus

15 slides for a lecture

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Most important Bible passages

Jesus to Matthew, who was sitting at the customs house: "Follow me" (Mt 9:9)

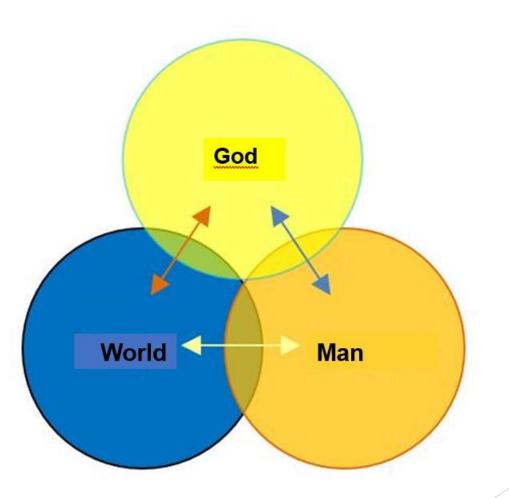
Jesus to Peter (after the resurrection): "Follow me" (John 21:22)

Following

- 1. Following = Going behind: Path-character

 Cf.: "I am the way and the truth and the life": John 14,6
- 2. Discipleship = faith in the spirit of Jesus:
 - New view of God
 - New view of man
 - New view of the community (the People of God)
 - New view of humanity (the nations)
 - New view of the world
 - New view of religion and religious commandments
 - New view of religious rites
- 3. Consequence I: Disciple instruction (New view of faith)
- 4. Consequence II: Practicing a new way of life

Discipleship: Faith in the Spirit of Jesus: A new view of the relationship between God-Man-World



Instruction in Faith (1): A new view of God and man (1)

- 1. God is not a ruler who needs obedient servants, but a loving father who wants to help people to grow up and take responsibility.
- 2. That is why a person is a "Child of God" and not a "Servant of God": Servants must serve for a lifetime, children are allowed to grow up and take on responsibility.
- 3. Reversal: Parents "serve" their children to become adults.
- 4. Renunciation of power: (Mt 20:25; Mk 10:43f; Lk 22:25f).
- 5. It is not perfection that is required (knowing and obeying all the commandments exactly), but the willingness to "grow" and learn.

 New understanding of perfection: (Mt 5:48)

"I have not come to call the righteous, but sinners." (Mt 9:13)

- . Even "Children of God" are allowed to make mistakes:
 - "Growing up is associated with frictional losses."

Luther: "Redeemed sinner"

Problem: Suicide rate of young people in Protestant parsonages

- 7. Jesus lives and proclaims a new understanding of authority:
 - "Do not be called master, father or teacher!" (Mt 23:9)

The words "obedience" and "obey" never appear in the mouth of Jesus as moral requirements for people.

Instruction in Faith (1):

A new view of God and man (2)

- 1. Every person has a direct relationship with the Father-God
- 2. The "mediator" Jesus makes this possible!
- 3. Otherwise, there are no more "mediators".
- 4. Loss of power for the previous "mediators": priests and kings (Mt 23): An essential reason for the crucifixion of Jesus! >>>
- 5. "The children of this world are often wiser than the children of light" (Lk 16:1ff: Parable of the "unjust steward")
 - => As believers, be creative, imaginative and clever as coworkers in the Kingdom of God!
- 6. God also works outside of official religion!
- 7. The traditional division into "believers" and "unbelievers" becomes meaningless.
 - "The Spirit blows where it wills" (John 3:8)
 - Jesus hears the voice of his heavenly Father in a gentile woman (Syro-Phoenician: Mt 15:21-28; Mk 7:24-30)
 - "Parable of the two brothers" (Mt 21:28-31)

Instruction in Faith (2): A new view of the People of God and of humanity

- 1. Already in the Old Testament there are beginnings of universalization:
 - Abraham shall be a blessing to all nations (Gen 12:3)
 - Jonah: Sent to the capital of mortal enemies (Nineveh)
 - Pilgrimage of the nations (Isa 2:2-4; Micah 4:1-3)
 - Egypt and Assyria will also be a blessing (Isa 19:24)
 - An offering will be made to the Lord in every place (Mal 1:11)
- 2. Realization of universalization in Jesus:
 - Healing of the daughter of a so-called "pagan" (Syro-Phoenician: Mt 15:21-28; Mk 7:24-30)
 - Healing of a man in the Decapolis (Mk 5:1-20)
 - Healing of the servant of a Roman centurion (Mt 8:5-13)
 - Great Commission: Go to all nations (Mt 28:19-20)
- 3. Universalization through love of enemies! (Mt 5:44; Lk 6:35)
- 4. The New "People of God"
 - A universal community of "communities of trust"
 - "Communities of trust" practice non-violent communication and develop non-violent structures within their worldwide organization and for the peoples of the world.
 - "Light of the world" and "leaven" for a just and peaceful world.

Instruction in Faith (3):

A new view of God and man in relation to the world

- 1. The father of the house is away (Mt 25:14):
 - The outwardly absent God
 - No almighty ruler who directs everything.
 - "Almighty God" is not a term for God in the entire New Testament: New understanding of God's work in the world and of his existence in the world: New ways to experience God!
 - Catholic Council Document "Gaudium et Spes", Chap. 36
- 2. New significance of human perceptual abilities
 - "Why don't you find the right judgment yourselves?" (Lk 12:57)
 "Who made me a judge or arbitrator among you?" (Lk 12:14)
 - => Make an effort for independent knowledge and personal responsibility!
 - New significance of man's rational abilities
 - New significance of man's spiritual abilities
- 3. "Secularization" is a task of Christians! >>>

Instruction in Faith (3): A new view of the world (2)

- 1. The "Kingdom of God" is to be established in the world.
- 2. The kingdom of God: already there and in need of development
 - It is already "in you" and "in your midst" (Lk 17:21)
 - It is already dawning (Mk 1:15)
 - It comes like the growth of seeds and like the leaven that leavens the flour (Lk 13:20-21)
- 3. The "Kingdom of God" does not come in the future
 - by an abrupt violent intervention of God
 - is not prepared by violence of the faithful.

Instruction in Faith (4):

New view of religion and religious commandments

- 1. They send everyone on a challenging path of spiritual and mental growth: No incapacitating obedience!
- 2. They send everyone on a challenging path of shaping the world in the spirit of Jesus!
- 3. "Do not judge!" (Mt 7,1; Lk 6,37):

 Finding a path to achieve a deeper understanding of the background of the problematic behavior of others
- 4. Possibly learn to protect yourself

 Those who are unable to protect themselves and set boundaries begin
 to devalue and judge others.
- 5. Similar to other "commandments" of Jesus:
 - The main commandment of love (Mk 12:30, Lk 10:33)
 - Commandment to love one's enemies (Mt 5:44; Lk 6:35)

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Instruction in Faith (4): A new view of morality (commandments)

Jesus' preaching of morality is not a morality of command and obedience, but a "moral mandate",

or an education

- for one's own perception of values,
- for one's own value-oriented decision-making ability,
- for independent responsible action,
- for maturity and independence,
- for global thinking and local action,
- for patience and faithful serenity on the one hand and resolute energy on the other,
- for alert and competent cooperation in building the "Kingdom of God",
- in order to understand life as a spiritual and mental growth and maturing process.

Instruction in Faith (5):

A new view of religious rites

Criticism of the divergence between rite and life:

- Parable of the "Good Samaritan": Priest and Levite pass by the needy person.
- Prophets' criticism of the temple cult: "I desire justice, not sacrifice" (Hos 4:1; Am 5:21; Mic 6:8)
- Gospel: "I desire mercy, not sacrifice" (Mt 12:7)

Christian rite (Experiential Redemption Event):

- Experiencing oneself loved by God
- In mutually appreciative communication: Feeling loved by the faith community (Unfortunately, this is usually missing today!)
- Experiencing impulses where and how God's love can and should be passed on:
 - => Commitment to the suffering
 - => Salvation of the world!

II. Discipleship: Practicing a new way of life (1)

- 1. Relationship with God gives a deep sense of self-worth >>>
- 2. Appreciative, honest and trusting communication
- 3. Making God's love tangible through love of one's neighbor
- 4. As in the "First Testament":
 - God is on the side of the poor and oppressed.
 - Every believer stands with Jesus and God with the oppressed.
- 5. Special challenges of discipleship today:
 - In a globalized world, it is important to research, perceive and change the worldwide structures of injustice.
 - Analytical thinking is particularly required today.
 - Informing oneself is a moral obligation today.
 - Be critical of so-called aid organizations!
 - Political thinking and behavior are required!
- 6. Shape your own life in such a way that it is sustainable and globally responsible!

II. Discipleship:

Practicing a new way of life (2)

"Ora et Labora"

(St. Benedict)

- 1. Following Jesus in Prayer: Cultivating a relationship with God
- 2. Following Jesus in our commitment to those who suffer: Not only wanting to help, but understanding what meaningful help looks like: Competence, rationality and spirituality:
 - Heal the sick!
 - Cast the demons!
 - Mt 25: Parable of the Last Judgment
- 3. Following Jesus in criticism of all inhuman aspects of religion and society!
- 4. Following the risen Jesus in the development of a contemporary doctrine of faith (Mental and spiritual work):
 - Dialogue between spirituality and rationality in the social sphere: Cf. Catholic social teaching
 - Dialogue between spirituality and rationality in the modern world view (Natural sciences and faith: There is a deficit today!)
 - Dialogue between spirituality and rationality in the psychological sphere of man (psychology and faith: There is a deficit today!)

II. Discipleship:Practicing a new way of life (3)

Discipleship today:

- Helpfulness in the immediate environment without incapacitating!
- 2. Commitment at least in one of today's problem areas:
 - Ecological endangerment
 - Worldwide injustice
 - Peace work near and far
 - Telephone pastoral care
 - Animal welfare in the immediate environment (food bank for animals, care for strays, ...)
 - Animal welfare worldwide (e.g. against bullfighting)
 - Justice in the workplace (Trade union?)
 - Care sector
 - Commitment to the common good in the associations (child labour, ...)
 - Food bank
 - Help for the homeless